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OBLON SPIVAK MCCLELLAND MAIER & NEUSTADT PC FOURTH FLOOR 1755 JEFFERSON DAVIS HIGHWAY			EXAMINER	
			TODD, GREGORY G	
ARLINGTON, VA 22202			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2157	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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		Application N .	Applicant(s)
<u> </u>	Offic Action Summary	09/404,547	SAITO ET AL.
•	Sinc Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
-	The MAIL INC DATE of this commun	Gregory G Todd	2157
P riod fo	- The MAILING DATE of this communi Reply	ication appears on the cover sheet wi	ith the correspondence address
THE N - Exten after S - If the   - If NO - Failun - Any re	DRTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR AILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION OF THIS COMMUNICATION OF THIS COMMUNICATION OF THIS PROPERTY OF THIS COMMUNICATION OF THIS	CATION. of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a r unication. 0) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thin atutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON will, by statute, cause the application to become AE	reply be timely filed  ty (30) days will be considered timely.  ITHS from the mailing date of this communication.  BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) file	ed on <u>24 September 1999</u> .	
2a)□	This action is <b>FINAL</b> .	2b)⊠ This action is non-final.	
3)□ Dispositio	Since this application is in condition closed in accordance with the pract on of Claims		
4)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1-19</u> is/are pending in the a	application.	
4	a) Of the above claim(s) is/ar	e withdrawn from consideration.	
5)	Claim(s) is/are allowed.		
6)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1-19</u> is/are rejected.		
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.		
8) 🔲 (	Claim(s) are subject to restric	tion and/or election requirement.	
Application	on Papers		
9)□ T	he specification is objected to by the	e Examiner.	
10)⊠ T	he drawing(s) filed on <u>24 Septembe</u> i	r 1999 is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b) $\Box$ c	bjected to by the Examiner.
	**	ection to the drawing(s) be held in abeya	, ,
11)□ T	he proposed drawing correction filed	l on is: a)⊡ approved b)⊡ d	isapproved by the Examiner.
_	If approved, corrected drawings are rec	• •	
.—	he oath or declaration is objected to	by the Examiner.	
Priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120		
13)🖾 🛚	Acknowledgment is made of a claim	for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C.	§ 119(a)-(d) or (f).
a)[∑	All b) Some * c) None of:		
	<ol> <li>Certified copies of the priority of</li> </ol>	documents have been received.	
	2. Certified copies of the priority	documents have been received in A	pplication No
		of the priority documents have been ational Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). In for a list of the certified copies not	•
14) 🔲 Ad	knowledgment is made of a claim fo	or domestic priority under 35 U.S.C.	§ 119(e) (to a provisional application).
•	☐ The translation of the foreign lan		
Attachm nt(	s)		
2) Notice	of References Cited (PTO-892) of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (P <sup>*</sup> ation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Pa	TO-948) 5) Notice of I	Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) nformal Patent Application (PTO-152)
J.S. Patent and Tra PTO-326 (Rev		Office Action Summary	Part of Paper No. 3

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

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#### **Priority**

1. Receipt is acknowledged of papers submitted under 35 U.S.C. 119(a)-(d), which papers have been placed of record in the file.

#### Specification

The lengthy specification has not been checked to the extent necessary to 2. determine the presence of all possible minor errors. Applicant's cooperation is requested in correcting any errors of which applicant may become aware in the specification.

# Claim Objections

- 3. Claim 11 is objected to because of the following informalities: The second "and" term (line 25) is improperly located. Appropriate correction is required.
- Claim 19 is objected to because of the following informalities: "frist" is misspelled 4. (line 24) and suggested to be replaced with --first--; "transmittting" is misspelled (line 22) and suggested to be replaced with --transmitting--; "precedure" is misspelled (line 34) and suggested to be replaced with --procedure--. Appropriate correction is required.
- Claim 17 is objected to because of the following informalities: "receiving" in line 1 5. is not in the proper tense. Appropriate correction is required.

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## Claim Rej ctions - 35 USC § 112

- 6. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
  - The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 7. Claim 2 recites the limitation "said each device/service/sub-unit" in line 8. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.
- 8. The term "control command signals" in claims 1, 2, and 5 is a relative term which renders the claim indefinite. The term "control command signals" is not defined by the claim, the specification does not provide a standard for ascertaining the requisite degree, and one of ordinary skill in the art would not be reasonably apprised of the scope of the invention.
- 9. Claim 17 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. In line 34, the term "specific contents" is indefinite and not specified.
- 10. Claim 18 recites the limitation "the prescribed contents protection procedure" in line 30. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.
- 11. Claim 19 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. The term "relationship" between the contents reception unit and the contents transmission unit is vague and not discussed in the specification.
- 12. The term "different key information" in claim 6 is a relative term which renders the claim indefinite. The term "different key information" is not defined by the claim, the

specification does not provide a standard for ascertaining the requisite degree, and one of ordinary skill in the art would not be reasonably apprised of the scope of the invention.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

13. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 14. Claims 1, 5-11, 14-16, and 19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Adams, Jr. et al (hereinafter "Adams", USPN 5,640,456).
- 15. As per claim 1, Adams discloses a relay device wherein Adams discloses:
- a first interface unit (port) connected to a first network (see Fig. 2, ref. 12; col. 4 line 66 col. 5 line 1);
- a second interface unit (port) connected to a second network (see Fig. 2, ref. 14; col. 4 line 66 col. 5 line 1);
- a proxy configuration unit for disclosing a device/service/sub-unit on the second network as an own (transparent; It is interpreted by the office that disclosing a device/service/sub-unit on a network as an own device/service/sub-unit, as acting transparent to a different network) device/service/sub-unit provided on the relay device with respect to a first network side (at least col. 4, lines 37-39);

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- a control command reception unit (control terminal) for receiving control command signals destined to the own device/service/sub-unit from the first network side (at least col. 1, lines 47-58; col. 5, lines 12-20);
- a control command transmission unit (control terminal) for transmitting signals corresponding to the control command signals received by the control command reception unit, to the device/service/sub-unit on the second network (at least col. 1, lines 47-58; col. 5, lines 12-20);
- a contents protection information reception unit (part of the downstream port; at least col. 5, lines 2-5; col. 5 line 61 col. 6 line 5) for receiving contents protection information (header characters with encryption/decryption information) destined to the own device/service/sub-unit, from a device on the first network (at least col. 6, lines 21-29; col. 4, lines 40-52);
- a contents protection information transfer unit (part of the upstream port; at least col. 5, lines 2-5; col. 5 line 61 col. 6 line 5) for transferring the contents protection information (header characters with encryption/decryption information) received by the contents protection information reception unit to the device/service/sub-unit on the second network, without making any change (passed through without modification) in the contents protection information (at least col. 6, lines 21-29; col. 4, lines 40-52).
- 16. As per claim 5, Adams discloses a relay device wherein Adams discloses:
- a first interface unit connected to a first network (see Fig. 2, ref. 12; col. 4 line 66 col. 5 line 1);

- a second interface unit connected to a second network (wherein 1394 bus is referred to as another network) (see Fig. 2, ref. 14; col. 4 line 66 col. 5 line 1);
- a proxy configuration unit for disclosing each device/service/sub-unit on the first network or the second network as an own (transparent) device/service/sub-unit provided on the relay device with respect to respective another network side (at least col. 4, lines 37-39);
- a control command reception unit (control terminal) for receiving control command signals destined to the own device/service/sub-unit from a side of one network to which the own device/service/sub-unit is disclosed by the proxy configuration unit (at least col. 1, lines 47-58; col. 5, lines 12-20);
- a control command transmission unit (control terminal) for transmitting signals corresponding to the control command signals received by the control command reception unit, to said each device/service/sub-unit on another network different from said one network (at least col. 1, lines 47-58; col. 5, lines 12-20);
- a first contents protection unit for carrying out a contents protection procedure with respect to one device/service/sub-unit on the first network (downstream network port) (at least col. 6, lines 6-16, 21-29);
- a second contents protection unit for carrying out the contents protection procedure with respect to another device/service/sub-unit on the second network (upstream network port) (at least col. 6, lines 21-29; col. 6 line 65 col. 7 line 11);

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- a contents reception unit for receiving contents (data) destined to the own device/service/sub-unit and encrypted according to one of the first and second contents protection units (at least col. 6, lines 6-16, 21-29);

- a contents transfer unit for transferring the contents (data) received by the contents reception unit to said each device/service/sub-unit on said another network, by encrypting the contents according to another one of the first and second contents protection units (at least col. 6, lines 21-29; col. 6 line 65 - col. 7 line 11).

- 17. As per claim 6, Adams discloses a relay device wherein Adams discloses:
- the first contents protection unit and the second contents protection unit use identical encryption schemes based on different key information (the same encryption hardware is used with a key list for different keys and headers) (at least col. 4, lines 40-52).
- 18. As per claim 7, Adams discloses a relay device wherein Adams discloses:
- a contents reception unit and contents transmission unit (communications ports) sealed within a single LSI (microprocessor) (at least col. 5, lines 21-27).
- 19. As per claim 8, Adams discloses a relay device wherein Adams discloses:
- a first key information used in the contents protection procedure in the first contents protection unit and a second key information used in the contents protection procedure in the second contents protection unit are set to be identical (transferred

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header containing encryption information) (at least col. 6 line 65 - col. 7 line 11; col. 5

line 65 - col. 6 line 5).

20. As per claim 9, Adams discloses a relay device wherein Adams discloses:

- the contents protection procedure (encryption) in said another one of the first

and second contents protection units carried out in units of contents/services/sub-units

(packets), using a prescribed key information (header) (at least col. 5 line 61 - col. 6 line

11).

21. As per claim 10, Adams discloses a relay device wherein Adams discloses:

- a configuration information reception unit for receiving a configuration

information (header) from one device/service/sub-unit on the first network or the second

network, the configuration information indicating at least a presence or absence of an

authentication format (indicate that data characters are encrypted) for said one

device/service/sub-unit (at least col. 6, lines 3-5, 11-16, 25-29);

- a configuration recognition unit for recognizing (matching criteria) a

configuration of said one device/service/sub-unit according to the configuration

information received by the configuration information reception unit (at least col. 6, lines

3-5, 11-16, 25-29).

22. As per claim 11, Adams discloses a relay device wherein Adams discloses:

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- a first interface unit connected to a first network (see Fig. 2, ref. 12; col. 4 line 66 col. 5 line 1);
- a second interface unit connected to a second network (wherein 1394 bus is referred to as another network) (see Fig. 2, ref. 14; col. 4 line 66 col. 5 line 1);
- a first contents protection unit for carrying out a contents protection procedure with respect to one device/service/sub-unit on the first network (downstream network port) (at least col. 6, lines 6-16, 21-29);
- a second contents protection unit for carrying out the contents protection procedure with respect to another device/service/sub-unit on the second network (upstream network port) (at least col. 6, lines 21-29; col. 6 line 65 col. 7 line 11);
- a contents reception unit for receiving contents (data) destined to an own device/service/sub-unit on the relay device and encrypted according to one of the first and second contents protection units, from a device on one of the first network and the second network (at least col. 6, lines 6-16, 21-29);
- a contents transmission unit for transmitting the contents (data) received by the contents reception unit to a device/service/sub-unit on another one of the first network and the second network, by encrypting the contents according to another one of the first and second contents protection units (at least col. 6, lines 21-29; col. 6 line 65 col. 7 line 11);
- wherein a first key information used in the contents protection procedure in the first contents protection unit and a second key information used in the contents protection procedure in the second contents protection unit are set to be identical

(transferred header containing identical encryption information) (at least col. 6 line 65 - col. 7 line 11; col. 5 line 65 - col. 6 line 5).

- 23. As per claim 14, Adams discloses a communication device wherein Adams discloses:
- an interface unit connected to a network (see Fig. 2; col. 4 line 66 col. 5 line 1);
- a contents transfer unit for transmitting or receiving encrypted contents with respect to another device on the network, through a flow identified by a set of a source address, a source port, a destination address, and a destination port (at least col. 4, lines 40-44; col. 5 line 65 col. 6 line 5; col. 6, lines 17-20);
- a copy protection processing unit for carrying out a prescribed contents protection procedure (encryption) including at least an authentication procedure and/or a key exchange procedure (plurality of keys for handling the packet) with respect to said another device, using a prescribed logical port, in units of the flow (encrypt data using a key from a key list)(at least col. 4, lines 40-52; col. 6, lines 21-29).
- 24. As per claim 15, Adams discloses a communication device wherein Adams discloses:
- an identifier of the flow is attached (in header) to information (data) exchanged in at least a part of procedures included in the prescribed contents protection procedure (at least col. 6 line 65 col. 7 line 2).

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- 25. As per claim 16, Adams discloses a communication device wherein Adams discloses:
- an interface unit connected to a network (see Fig. 2; col. 4 line 66 col. 5 line 1);
- a copy protection processing unit for carrying out a prescribed contents protection procedure (encryption) including at least an authentication procedure and/or a key exchange procedure, with respect to another device on the network (at least col. 4, lines 40-52);
- a contents transmission and reception unit for transmitting or receiving encrypted contents to which an address of a transmitting side device is attached, either through a virtual channel on the network or in a form having an identifier by which the encrypted contents can be uniquely identified by said, transmitting side device further attached thereto, with respect to said another device (at least col. 6, lines 6-29; col. 6 line 65 col. 7 line 11);
- wherein at least one of an identifier of a service, a sub-unit, a virtual channel, or a plug (various network layers) that carries out exchange of the encrypted contents, and an identifier (header) by which the encrypted contents can be uniquely identified by said transmitting side device, is attached to information (data) exchanged in at least a part of procedures included in the prescribed contents protection procedure (encryption) (at least col. 5 line 61 col. 6 line 5).

- 26. As per claim 19, Adams discloses a relay device wherein Adams discloses:
- a first interface unit connected to a first network (see Fig. 2, ref. 12; col. 4 line 66 col. 5 line 1);
- a second interface unit connected to a second network (see Fig. 2, ref. 14; col. 4 line 66 col. 5 line 1);
- a first contents protection unit for carrying out a contents protection procedure with respect to one device/service/sub-unit on the first network (downstream network port) (at least col. 6, lines 6-16, 21-29);
- a second contents protection unit for carrying out the contents protection procedure with respect to another device/service/sub-unit on the second network (upstream network port) (at least col. 6, lines 21-29; col. 6 line 65 col. 7 line 11);
- a contents reception unit for receiving contents (data) destined to an own device/service/sub-unit on the relay device and encrypted according to one of the first and second contents protection units, from a device on one of the first network and the second networks (at least col. 6, lines 6-16, 21-29);
- a contents transmission unit for transmitting the contents (data) received by the contents reception unit to a device/service/sub-unit on another one of the first network and the second network, by encrypting the contents according to another one of the first and second contents protection units (at least col. 6, lines 21-29; col. 6 line 65 col. 7 line 11);
- wherein said one of the first and second contents protection units carries out an authentication and/or a key exchange with a device/service/sub-unit on said one of the

first network and the second network by referring to a relationship between the contents reception unit and the contents transmission unit (bits in header), when there is a request for a procedure of the authentication and/or the key exchange with respect to said another one of the first and second contents protection units (at least col. 5 line 61 - col. 6 line 11).

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 27. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 28. Claims 2-4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Adams, Jr. et al (hereinafter "Adams", USPN 5,640,456).
- 29. As per claim 2, Adams discloses a relay device wherein Adams discloses:
- a first interface unit; connected to a first network (see Fig. 2, ref. 12; col. 4 line 66 col. 5 line 1);
- a second interface unit connected to a second network (see Fig. 2, ref. 14; col. 4 line 66 col. 5 line 1);
- a proxy configuration unit for disclosing each device/service/sub-unit on the first network or the second network as an own (transparent) device/service/sub-unit

provided on the relay device with respect to respective another network (at least col. 4, lines 37-39);

- a control command reception unit (control terminal) for receiving control command signals destined to the own device/service/sub-unit from a side of one network to which the own device/service/sub-unit is disclosed by the proxy configuration unit (at least col. 1, lines 47-58; col. 5, lines 12-20);
- a control command transmission unit (control terminal) for transmitting signals corresponding to the control command signals received by the control command reception unit, to said each device/service/sub-unit on another network different from said one network (at least col. 1, lines 47-58; col. 5, lines 12-20);
- a contents protection information reception unit (part of the upstream port; at least col. 5, lines 2-5; col. 5 line 61 col. 6 line 5) for receiving contents protection information destined to the own device/service/sub-unit: from a device on the first network or the second network (at least col. 6, lines 21-29; col. 4, lines 40-52);
- a contents protection information transfer unit (part of the upstream port; at least col. 5, lines 2-5; col. 5 line 61 col. 6 line 5) for transferring the contents protection information received by the contents protection information reception unit to said each device/service/sub-unit on said another network, without making any change (passed through without modification) in the contents protection information (at least col. 6, lines 21-29; col. 4, lines 40-52);

Adams discloses encrypting data before it is sent over the network, thereby keeping a header and trailer intact and not encrypted (at least col. 2, lines 37-40).

Adams also discloses passing through packets (containing a header, trailer, and data) without making any change (at least col. 4, lines 43-46). Adams' device also has decrypting hardware which suggests the data coming from the first network is encrypted, and he discloses the data being passed through without modification. Further, Adams discloses part of the header of the packet (contents) indicating the data as being encrypted (at least col. 6, lines 3-5) which suggests the reception unit receiving an encrypted packet. Adams does not explicitly disclose a contents reception unit for receiving contents (data portion) destined to the own device/service/sub-unit and protected by a contents key obtained from the contents protection information, from a device on the first network or the second network (see col. 4, lines 30-32, 40-46; col. 2, lines 25-40), or a contents transfer unit for transferring the contents (data portion) received by the contents reception unit to said each device/service/sub-unit on said another network, without making any change (passed through) in the contents (see col. 4, lines 30-32, 40-46; col. 2, lines 25-40). However, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to also have encrypted data passed through the network because, as Adams teaches in the background art, older or incompatible systems could have encrypted the data before being sent over the network (see col. 2, lines 37-40), and therefore this would make the device compatible with these older systems.

30. As per claim 3, Adams discloses a relay device wherein Adams discloses:

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- contents protection information (header) related to a contents protection procedure including an authentication and/or a key exchange between one device/service/sub-unit on the first network and another device/service/sub-unit on the second network (information of the data encrypted on one network and decrypted on the other network is contained in header) (at least col. 5 line 65 - col. 6 line 5).

- 31. As per claim 4, Adams discloses a relay device wherein Adams discloses:
- a configuration information reception unit for receiving configuration information (option bit) from one device/service/sub-unit on the first network or the second network, the configuration information indicating at least a presence or absence of an authentication format (indicate that data characters are encrypted) for said one device/service/sub-unit (at least col. 6, lines 3-5, 25-29);
- a configuration recognition unit for recognizing (compares) a configuration (information extracted from header according to key list) of said one device/service/sub-unit according to the configuration information (option bit in header) received by the configuration information reception unit (at least col. 6, lines 3-5, 11-16, 25-29).
- 32. Claims 12-13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Adams, Jr. et al (hereinafter "Adams", USPN 5,640,456) in view of Perlman (hereinafter "Perlman", USPN 5,175,765).

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33. As per claim 12, Adams discloses a communication device wherein Adams discloses:

- an interface unit connected to a network (see Fig. 2; col. 4 line 66 col. 5 line 1);
- a copy protection processing unit for carrying out a prescribed contents protection procedure including at least an authentication procedure and/or a key exchange procedure (mechanism to maintain list of keys for sites so as to change key for respective site), with respect to another device/service/sub-unit on the network ( at least col. 4, lines 40-52);
- a contents transmission unit for transmitting encrypted contents to which an address of the communication device is attached, either through a virtual channel on the network or by further attaching an identifier by which the encrypted contents can be uniquely identified by the communication device, to another device on the network (at least col. 6, lines 21-29, 17-20; col. 6 line 65 col. 7 line 11);

Adams fails to disclose a reception unit for receiving a query regarding a service/sub-unit/plug that is transferring the encrypted contents either through the virtual channel or by attaching the identifier, from said another device on the network, or a notification unit for notifying (transmitting to) a service/sub-unit/plug that is transferring the encrypted contents, to said another device on the network in response to the query. However, the use and advantages for querying over a network is well known to one skilled in the art at the time the

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invention was made as evidenced by the teachings of Perlman (at least col. 14, lines 38-49). Perlman discloses querying nodes from a site on the network and further, the nodes responding back from the query. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to implement the ability to query into the device from Adams because this would ensure and detect that no packets (contents) are being lost in the communication path and that there is a stable, fault-free connection between the device and a node on one of the networks, especially when first setting up the device between the two networks.

- 34. As per claim 13, Adams discloses a communication device wherein Adams discloses:
- an interface unit connected to a network (see Fig. 2; col. 4 line 66 col. 5 line 1);
- a copy protection processing unit for carrying out a prescribed contents protection procedure (encryption) including at least an authentication procedure and/or a key exchange procedure, with respect to another device/service/sub-unit on the network (at least col. 4, lines 40-52);
- a contents reception unit for receiving encrypted contents to which an address of another device on the network is attached, either through a virtual channel on the network or in a form having an identifier by which the encrypted contents can be uniquely identified by said another device further attached thereto, from said another device (at least col. 6, lines 6-29);

Adams fails to disclose a transmission unit for transmitting a query regarding a service/sub-unit/plug that is transferring the encrypted contents either through the virtual channel or by attaching the identifier, to said another device on the network, or a reception unit for receiving a notification regarding a service/sub-unit/plug that is transferring the encrypted contents, from said another device in response to the query. However, the use and advantages for querying over a network is well known to one skilled in the art at the time the invention was made as evidenced by the teachings of Perlman (at least col. 14, lines 38-49). Perlman discloses querying nodes from a site on the network and further, the nodes responding back from the guery. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to implement the ability to query into the device from Adams because this would ensure and detect that no packets (contents) are being lost in the communication path and that there is a stable, fault-free connection between the device and a node on one of the networks, especially when first setting up the device between the two networks.

- 35. Claims 17-18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Adams, Jr. et al (hereinafter "Adams", USPN 5,640,456) in view of Saito (hereinafter "Saito", EP 0 837 579).
- 36. As per claim 17, Adams discloses a relay device wherein Adams discloses:

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- a first interface unit; connected to a first network (see Fig. 2, ref. 12; col. 4 line 66 - col. 5 line 1);

- a second interface unit connected to a second network (wherein 1394 bus is referred to as another network) (see Fig. 2, ref. 14; col. 4 line 66 - col. 5 line 1);
- a first copy protection processing unit for carrying out a prescribed contents protection procedure including at least an authentication procedure and a key exchange procedure (mechanism to maintain list of keys for sites so as to change key for respective site), with respect to one device/service/sub-unit on the first network ( at least col. 4, lines 40-52);
- a second copy protection processing unit for carrying out the prescribed contents protection procedure including at least an authentication procedure and a key exchange procedure (mechanism to maintain list of keys for sites so as to change key for respective site), with respect to another device/service/sub-unit on the second network (at least col. 4, lines 40-52);
- a contents reception unit for receiving encrypted data containing specific contents from the first interface unit (at least col. 6, lines 6-16, 21-29);
- a decryption unit for decrypting the encrypted data received by the contents reception unit, by using a contents protection key provided by the first copy protection processing unit, to obtain decrypted data (at least col. 7, lines 19-33);
- an encryption unit for encrypting the converted data (see below), by using a contents protection key (compare header information with key list) provided by the

second copy protection processing unit, to obtain re-encrypted data (at least col. 6, lines 6-16);

- a contents transmission unit for transferring the re-encrypted data to the second interface unit (at least col. 6 line 65 - col. 7 line 11).

Adams fails to disclose a conversion unit for converting the decrypted data into converted data in another coding format. However, the use and advantages for converting such data is well known to one skilled in the relevant art at the time the invention was made as evidenced by the teachings of Saito (at least col. 29, lines 17-30). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate a conversion unit in Adams' device because this would be more efficient, and sometimes necessary depending on the particular device, for the receiving device to automatically have the data converted to the correct and readable format for that particular network device, while at the same time the data being securely transmitted by being encrypted with Adams device.

- 37. As per claim 18, Adams discloses a relay device wherein Adams discloses:
- a proxy configuration unit for disclosing one device/service/sub-unit on the second network as one own (transparent) device/service/sub-unit provided on the relay device with respect to a first network side (at least col. 4, lines 37-39), and transmitting to said one device/service/sub-unit on the second network an information having a content (data) according to information (header) destined to said one own device/service/sub-unit that is received from a device on the first network side (transmit

packet from first network to second network (downstream)) (see Fig. 7; at least col. 7, lines 51-54), while also disclosing another device/service/sub-unit on the first network as another own device/service/sub-unit provided on the relay device with respect to a second network side (the device is transparent to both sides; It is implied that disclosing a device/service/sub-unit on a network as an own device/service/sub-unit is equivalent to acting transparent to a different network) ( at least col. 4, lines 26-39), and transmitting to said another device/service/sub-unit on the first network an information (header) having a content (data) according to information destined to said another own device/service/sub-unit that is received from a device on the second network side (transmit packet from second network to first network (upstream)) (see Fig. 7; at least col. 7, lines 8-12);

- when the prescribed contents protection procedure between a device on one network among the first and second networks and a device/service/sub-unit on another network among the first and second networks is to be carried out, the proxy configuration unit carries out the prescribed contents protection procedure with the device on said one network by using one of the first and second copy protection processing units, while carrying out the prescribed contents protection procedure with the device/service/sub-unit on said another network by using another one of the first and second copy protection processing units (the contents protection procedure (encryption) is carried out between a device (computer) on first network and another device (computer) on another network) (at least col. 4, lines 37-59).

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#### Conclusion

38. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Lea, Vu, Daniels et al, Templin et al, Kimura et al, Sharpe, and Brewer are cited for disclosing pertinent information related to the claimed invention. Applicants are requested to consider the prior art reference for relevant teachings when responding to this office action.

39. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Gregory G Todd whose telephone number is (703)305-5343. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday 8:00am-4:30pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Glenton Burgess can be reached on (703)305-4792. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703)746-9153 for regular communications and (703)305-7201 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703)305-3900.

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gt July 19, 2002